CITY OF WATONGA OKLAHOMA WATONGA, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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1210 19th Street Woodward, OK 73801 Ph. (580) 334-6361 Email: jana@janawalkercpa.com www.janawalkercpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Watonga, Oklahoma

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

MEMBER OF
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBER OF OKLAHOMA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and net pension schedules on pages 4–10 and 38–42 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jana A. Walker, CPA, PLLC Woodward, Oklahoma

an A. Walker, CPA, PLLC

December 29, 2022

Within this section, the City of Watonga's ("City") management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City's for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section. This discussion focuses on the City's primary government, and unless otherwise noted, component units reported separately from the primary government are not included. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

- At June 30, 2022, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$20,491,510 (net position). Of this amount \$4,017,008 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. This compared to the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities by \$19,098,421.
- The City's total net position are comprised of the following:
 - (1) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt of \$16,294,601 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase of construction of capital assets.
 - (2) Restricted net position of \$179,901.
 - (3) Unrestricted net position of \$4,017,008 represents the portion available to maintain the City's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total liabilities of the City decreased by \$5,061 during the fiscal year.
- After transfers of \$1,463,373 from business-type activities to governmental activities and \$874,968 to Mercy Hospital Watonga, net position of governmental activities increased \$408,957 or 6.68%, and net position of business-type activities increased \$984,132 or 7.58%.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,085,990 or 60.34% of total General Fund expenditures, excluding transfers.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual reporting includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status and are presented to demonstrate the extent the City has met its operating objective efficiently and effectively using all the resourced available and whether the City can continue to meet it objectives in the foreseeable future. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the City-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indication of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the City would extend to other financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of the City infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year and can be used to assess the City's operating results in its entirety and analyze how the City's programs are financed. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement

of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinctively report governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, and business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government; public safety and judiciary; transportation; and cultural, parks, and recreation. Business-types activities include utility services, including electricity, water, and sanitation, provided by the City.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the funds of the City (primary government) and organization for which the City is accountable (component units). Most of these legally separate organizations are blended into the primary government for financial reporting purposes. Other organizations operate more independently or provide services directly to the citizens, though the City remains accountable for their activities. The Watonga Public Library is reported separately from the primary government, though included in the City's overall reporting entity.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations and to demonstrate fiscal accountability. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole.

The City has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is different with fund statements reporting short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statement is included in the basic financial statement for governmental funds deemed as major. This statement demonstrates compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City has one type of proprietary fund: enterprise funds. Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the City organization such as water, sanitation, and electric utilities.

Proprietary fund statements and statements for discretely presented component units (reporting similarly to proprietary funds) provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail.

Fiduciary funds such as the meter deposit funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements, but are excluded from the government-wide reporting. Fiduciary fund financial statements report resources that are not available to fund City programs. Fiduciary fund financial statements report similarly to proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. Those notes to the financial statement begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the City's pension benefits provided to its employees.

Major funds and component units are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major and fiduciary funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The City's combined net position at June 30, 2022 is \$20,491,510. This is a \$1,393,089 increase (depreciation expense is \$1,816,814- a non-cash expense) over June 30, 2021 net position of \$19,098,421. The City reported positive balances in total net position for both governmental and business-type activities, reporting \$6,530,859 and \$13,960,651, respectively.

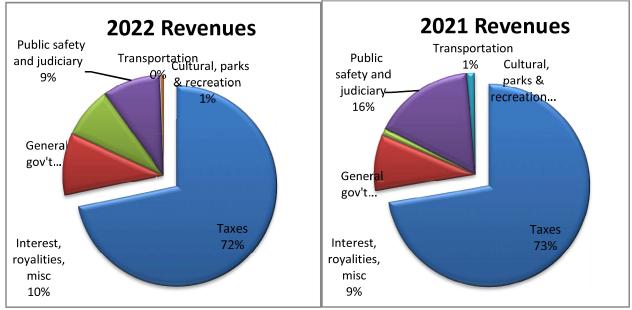
Summary of Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activites	To	tals	\$ Change	% Change
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Current and other assets	\$ 3.376.289	\$ 2,898,677	\$ 3,507,556	\$ 2,064,431	\$ 6,883,845	\$ 4,963,108	\$ 1,920,737	27.9%
Other noncurrent assets	376,349	-	-	-	376,349	-	\$ 376,349	
Capital assets, net	5,989,588	6,582,556	11,268,074	11,329,271	17,257,662	17,911,827	\$ (654,165)	-3.8%
Total assets	9,742,226	9,481,233	14,775,630	13,393,702	24,517,856	22,874,935	\$ 1,642,921	6.7%
Deferred outflows of resources	705,733	835,493		-	705,733	835,493	(129,760)	-18.4%
Long-term liabilities	1,711,808	3,146,612	-	-	1,711,808	3,146,612	\$ (1,434,804)	-83.8%
Other liabilities	516,899	716,439	814,979	417,183	1,331,878	1,133,622	\$ 198,256	14.9%
Total liabilities	2,228,707	3,863,051	814,979	417,183	3,043,686	4,280,234	\$ (1,236,548)	-40.6%
Deferred inflows of resources	1,688,393	331,773		-	1,688,393	331,773	 1,356,620	80.3%
Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt	5,026,527	5,090,084	11,268,074	11,329,271	16,294,601	16,419,355	\$ (124,754)	-0.8%
Restricted	179,901	320,157	-	-	179,901	320,157	\$ (140,256)	-78.0%
Unrestriced	1,324,431	711,661	2,692,577	1,647,248	4,017,008	2,358,909	\$ 1,658,099	41.3%
Total net position	\$ 6,530,859	\$ 6,121,902	\$ 13,960,651	\$ 12,976,519	\$ 20,491,510	\$ 19,098,421	\$ 1,393,089	6.8%

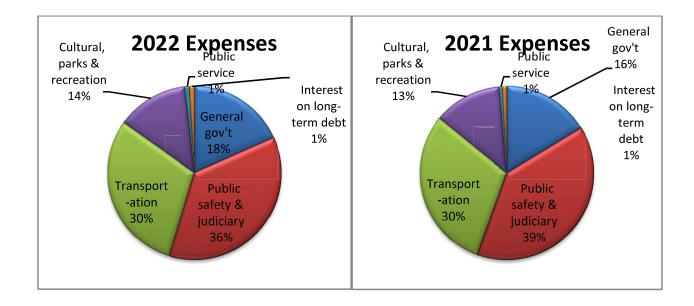
				Sun	mary of Cha	nge	es in Net Posi	tion					
		Govern Activ			Busine Activ				Total				
		2022	2021		2022		2021		2022	2021		\$ Change	% Change
Revenues													
Program revenues	\$	530,156	\$ 485,428	\$	7,120,698	\$	4,822,779	\$	7,650,854 \$	5,308,207	\$	2,342,647	44%
Taxes and other general													
revenues		3,717,690	2,971,757	_	2,810		3,471	_	3,720,500	2,975,228	_	745,272	25%
Total revenues		4,247,846	3,457,185	_	7,123,508		4,826,250		11,371,354	8,283,435	_	3,087,919	37%
Expenses													
General government		811,447	727,714		-		-		811,447	727,714		83,733	12%
Public safety and judiciary		1,608,177	1,739,192		-		-		1,608,177	1,739,192		(131,015)	-8%
Transportation		1,338,076	1,352,010		-		-		1,338,076	1,352,010		(13,934)	-1%
Cultural, parks, and recreation		592,624	566,665		-		-		592,624	566,665		25,959	5%
Public service		35,446	26,468		-		-		35,446	26,468		8,978	34%
Interest on long-term debt		41,524	34,867		-		-		41,524	34,867		6,657	19%
Electric			-		3,141,966		2,346,484		3,141,966	2,346,484		795,482	34%
Water			-		398,483		361,647		398,483	361,647		36,836	10%
Sewer		-	-		293,023		322,132		293,023	322,132		(29,109)	-9%
Sanitation		-	-		246,508		305,152		246,508	305,152		(58,644)	-19%
Healthcare		-	-		61,274		63,626		61,274	63,626		(2,352)	-4%
Airport		-	-		348,088		303,694		348,088	303,694		44,394	15%
Administration		-			186,661		176,454		186,661	176,454		10,207	6%
Total expenses		4,427,294	4,446,916		4,676,003		3,879,189		9,103,297	8,326,105	_	777,192	9%
Excess (deficiency) before													
transfers	\$	(179,448)	\$ (989,731)	\$	2,447,505	\$	947,061	\$	2,268,057 \$	(42,670)	\$	2,310,727	-5415%
Transfers - internal		1,463,373	1,211,861		(1,463,373)		(1,211,861)		-	-		-	0%
Transfers to lessee- healthcare	_	(874,968)	(789,480)	_	-				(874,968)	(789,480)	_	(85,488)	0%
Change in net position		408,957	(567,350)		984,132		(264,800)		1,393,089.00	(832,150)		2,225,239	-267%
Beginning net position		6,121,902	7,038,359		12,976,519		13,216,986		19,098,421	20,255,345	_	(1,156,924)	-6%
Prior period adjustment		-	(349,107)		-		24,333			(324,774)		324,774	
Ending net position	\$	6,530,859	\$ 6,121,902	\$	13,960,651	\$	12,976,519	\$	20,491,510 \$	19,098,421	\$	1,393,089	7%

Revenues for the City increased 37.28% over the prior year. This increase in revenues is mainly attributable to a grants, increase in utility revenues, and pension change. Operating expenses increased compared prior fiscal year 2021 with an 9.33% change.

Graphic presentations of selected date from the summary table follow to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

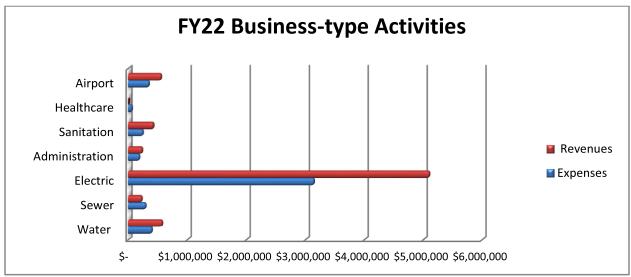


Taxes provided 72% of the City's governmental revenues in fiscal year 2022. Public safety and judiciary followed as the second major revenue source accounting for 9% of governmental revenues.



For the year ended June 30, 2022, total expenses for governmental activities were \$4,427,294. Of this amount, public safety and judiciary with \$1,608,177 was the largest operating service department at 36% of the total cost of services for governmental activities. These costs, as well as all other governmental activity expenses, were primarily funded by tax revenues and transfers in from the Light and Water fund. It should be noted that governmental expenses are adjusted from the fund statements to the government-wide statements for the purchase and construction of capital assets. Government-wide statement is full accrual; capital outlay expenses are eliminated and capital assets are reported.

Business-type Activities



Business-type activities are shown comparing costs to revenues generated by the related services. Sanitation, Sewer, Water, and Electric activities are intended to be self-supporting with user charges and other revenues designed to recover costs. Other activities provide services with minimal user charges.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, revenues from electric, water, sanitation, administration and airport covered the cost of operating their respective departments.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The adopted budget for the General Fund for fiscal year 2022 was \$3,746,922. Actual expenses were \$313,997 less than budgeted amounts. The General Fund budget complied with financial policies approved by the City.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2022, the City had \$16,294,601 invested in capital assets, net of related debt, including vehicles and equipment for police and fire operations, street improvements, and park facilities, in governmental activities and electric lines, water lines and sewer lines in business-type activities. Refer to the table below.

Primary Government Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmental			Busine	ss-t	ype						
		<u>Activ</u>	<u>ivities</u>			<u>Activ</u>	<u>ities </u>	<u>}</u>		<u>To</u>	<u>tal</u>	
Non-Depreciable Assets		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Land	\$	713,545	\$	713,545	\$	73,020	\$	73,020	\$	786,565	\$	786,565
Construction in progress		-		53,829		539,739		283,823		539,739		337,652
Depreciable Assets												
Buildings		1,551,068		1,618,227		3,335,908		3,358,851		4,886,976		4,977,078
Machinery & equipment		831,748		879,983		685,605		575,765		1,517,353		1,455,748
Utility property & improvements		2,893,227		3,316,972		6,633,802		7,037,812		9,527,029	1	0,354,784
Totals	\$	5,989,588	\$	6,582,556	\$1	1,268,074	\$ 1	1,329,271	\$ 1	7,257,662	\$1	7,911,827

- In Governmental Activities, the most significant additions included the splash pad, drainage for Workman and A Streets, MSA air packs and bunker gear for the fire department, and various other smaller additions.
- In Business-type activities capital additions included airport runway rehab, airport chain link fence, boss sweeping system, a trailer mounted vacuum excavator, a radar signal detection system, 3 phase reclosers, transformers, and a disposal auger & grinder.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$1,344,999 in long-term debt outstanding. The City's changes in long-term debt by type of debt are as follows:

Primary Government Long-Term Debt

	Governr Activi				ess-type ivities	·
	2022	2021	202	2		2021
Notes payable	-	-				-
Capital lease obligation	444,999	508,625		-		-
Bonds payable	900,000	990,000		-		-
less current portion	(106,811)	(153,626)		_		_
Totals	\$ 1,238,188	\$ 1,344,999	\$		\$	

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEARS'S BUDGET AND RATES

Economic Environment

In many ways the state and national economies have recovered from the damage wrought by the COVID-19 pandemic. While income and output have long since risen above their pre-pandemic levels, in large part spurred by fiscal and monetary stimulus and state and national employment are just now returning to pre-pandemic levels. Even though the major economic aggregates have recovered, the economy has not fully returned to pre-pandemic form

Inflation has turned out to be far higher and longer-lasting than government officials had forecast. The Federal Reserve has embarked on a tightening of monetary policy, raising fears of a recession. Fueling Oklahoma's growth is a rebound in the energy sector. Oil and natural gas prices dramatically rebounded from their pandemic declines. The war in Ukraine and limited supply responses by the US and OPEC nations are anticipated to support the continued higher oil prices. This has increased energy sector employment. Following the nation, the Oklahoma economy will continue its recovery for the rest of 2021 and into 2022. Oklahoma's growth is forecast to be slower than growth nationwide, though unemployment will continue to be relatively lower in the state.

Fiscal Year 2023

The City elected the Municipal Budget Act. Recurring revenues, including sales and use taxes, were budgeted at 90%. Utility revenue rate increases were budgeted at 2% in electric, water, sewer, and garbage. The \$2 per meter fee surcharge for roll off rentals was eliminated. A pay increase was budgeted to align compensation with positions & responsibilities. Utility capital improvement fees were also budgeted to assist the City in keeping updated equipment. \$5.7 million in capital improvements were budgeted to implement the vision of the City Council to increase investment in the City and infrastructure to assist with economic development and to improve the quality of life for the citizens of Watonga.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's Office at Watonga City Hall.

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

			Prima	ry Government			
	Go	vernmental		isiness-type		Co	mponent
ASSETS	, and a	Activities		Activities	Total		Unit
Current Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,848,110	\$	2,334,555	\$ 4,182,665	\$	105,388
Investments		1,200,002		150,000	1,350,002		-
Sales, use & other taxes receivable		202,657		-	202,657		-
Accounts receivable (net)		39,184		632,536	671,720		-
Grants receivable		-		417,884	417,884		-
Prepaids		-		-	-		-
Internal balances		27,419		(27,419)	-		-
Total current assets		3,317,372		3,507,556	6,824,928		105,388
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents		58,917		-	58,917		
Total restricted assets		58.917			58,917		_
Noncurrent Assets:							
Pension asset		376,349		-	376,349		
Land and construction in progress		713,545		612,759	1,326,304		_
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		5,276,043		10,655,315	15,931,358		1,620
Total noncurrent assets		6,365,937		11,268,074	 17,634,011		1,620
Total Horisan on associ		0,000,00.		,200,0	 ,00.,01.		1,020
Total assets		9,742,226		14,775,630	24,517,856		107,008
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred charges on pension obligations	\$	705,733	\$	_	\$ 705,733	\$	_
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	81,619	\$	786,227	\$ 867,846	\$	-
Wages and benefits payable		62,269		14,052	76,321		-
Interest payable		2,249		-	2,249		-
Compensated absences		47,322		14,700	62,022		-
Due to other governments		214,113		-	214,113		-
Notes payable, current		19,327		-	19,327		_
Bonds payable, current		90,000		-	90,000		-
Total current liabilities		516,899		814,979	1,331,878		-
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Pension liability		481,725		-	481,725		-
Notes payable		425,672		-	425,672		-
Bonds payable, net of premium		804,411		-	804,411		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,711,808			1,711,808		-
Total liabilities		2,228,707		814,979	3,043,686		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred charges on pension obligations		1,688,393			1,688,393		-
NET POSITION							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,026,527		11,268,074	16,294,601		-
Reserved for restricted purposes		179,901		-	179,901		107,008
Unrestricted		1,324,431		2,692,577	4,017,008		-
Total net position	\$	6,530,859	\$	13,960,651	\$ 20,491,510	\$	107,008

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Progra	m Revenues	.		G	Primary Sovernment	Co	mponent Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses		harges for Services	O _l Gr	perating ants and tributions	(Capital Grants & ntributions	(Expe		let ense)/ enue	
Primary government											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	811,447	\$ 12,416	\$	75,592	\$	248,098	\$	(475,341)	\$	-
Public safety and judiciary		1,608,177	164,457		7,858		-		(1,435,862)		-
Transportation		1,338,076	7,000				-		(1,331,076)		-
Cultural, parks and recreation		592,624	-		14,735		-		(577,889)		-
Public service		35,446	-		-		-		(35,446)		-
Interest on long-term debt		41,524	-		-		-		(41,524)		-
Total governmental activities		4,427,294	183,873		98,185		248,098		(3,897,138)		-
Business-type activities:											
Water		398,483	573,218		-		-		174,735		-
Sewer		293,023	227,273		-		-		(65,750)		-
Electric		3,141,966	5,099,936		-		-		1,957,970		-
Administration		186,661	238,449		_		_		51,788		_
Sanitation		246,508	426,510		_		_		180,002		_
Healthcare		61,274	· -		_		_		(61,274)		_
Airport		348,088	88,653		-		466,659		207,224		_
Total business-type activities		4,676,003	6,654,039				466,659		2,444,695		-
Total primary government	\$	9,103,297	\$ 6,837,912	\$	98,185	\$	714,757	\$	(1,452,443)	\$	-
Component units											
Watonga Municipal Library	\$	1,312	\$ 9,326	\$		\$				\$	8,014

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Activities (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Net Position:

		Primary Government	<u>t</u>	
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit
Net (expense)/revenue	\$ (3,897,138)	\$ 2,444,695	\$ (1,452,443)	\$ 8,014
General revenues:				
Taxes:				
Sales tax	2,320,324	-	2,320,324	-
Use tax	294,907	-	294,907	-
Franchise tax	26,397	-	26,397	-
Property tax	114,351	-	114,351	-
Other taxes	137,725	-	137,725	-
522 District income	204,000		204,000	-
Oil and gas royalities	332,970	-	332,970	-
Investment income	9,879	2,810	12,689	44
Pension change	216,010	-	216,010	-
Miscellaneous	61,127	-	61,127	-
Transfers-Internal activity	1,463,373	(1,463,373)	-	-
Tranfers to lessee- healthcare	(874,968)		(874,968)	
Total general revenues and transfers	4,306,095	(1,460,563)	2,845,532	44
Change in net position	408,957	984,132	1,393,089	8,058
Net position-beginning as previously reported	6,121,902	12,976,519	19,098,421	98,950
Net position-ending	\$ 6,530,859	\$ 13,960,651	\$ 20,491,510	\$ 107,008

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Street and Alley Fund	Debt Service	Hospital Special Revenue	Sales Tax (Capital Improvement)	Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Sales, use & other taxes receivable Revenue & other receivable Due from other funds Prepaids		\$ 117,908	\$ 58,917	69,115	\$ 292,292 60,000 17,279	\$ 273,140	\$ 1,907,027 1,200,002 202,657 39,184 50,342
Total assets	\$ 2,507,485	\$ 120,120	\$ 59,781	\$ 69,115	\$ 369,571	\$ 273,140	\$ 3,399,212
Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences Due to other governments Due to other funds Total liabilities FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 81,619 62,269 47,322 214,113 16,172 421,495 - 2,085,990 2,085,990 2,085,990 3, 2,507,485	120,120	59,781	69,115	6,751 6,751 6,751 362,820 362,820	\$	\$ 81,619 62,269 47,322 214,113 22,923 428,246 179,901 431,935 273,140 2,085,990 2,085,990 2,970,966

Total fund balance- total governmental funds

\$ 2,970,966

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

713,545 28,384,473 (23,108,430) Land and capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are not finanical resources and, in the funds, and therefore, are not reported
7
Capital assets
Less: Accumulated depreciation

5,989,588	(894,411) (444,999) (2,249)	376,349 705,733 (481,725) (1,688,393)
(23,108,430)		,
Less: Accumulated depredation	Long-term portion of liabilities are not due and payable in the currrent period and are not reported Bonds payable, net Capital lease obligation Interest payable	Net pension asset Pension related deferred outflows Net pension liability Pension related deferred inflows

4

6,530,859

Net assets of governmental activities

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2022

General
1,177,392 294,907 26,397 111,414
204,000 4,866
332,970 50,057
70,092
75,252
2,471,163
40
484,567 109.127
94,697
19,033
766,650
12,725
618,984 378,891
386,305
1,474,750
656,386 656,386
231,471
484,889
35,446
35,446 39,219
3,457,340
(986,177)
1,793,236 (93,623)
1,699,613
713,436
1,372,554
2,085,990

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2022

Reconciliation of the change in fund balances - total governmental funds to the change in net position of governmental activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

632,674

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

> Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

> > Capital asset purchases capitalized 354,990 (947,959)

Depreciation expense

(592,969)

Government-Wide Statement of Activities report the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an element of pension. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as expenditures.

216,010

The proceeds of debt issuances provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

> 90,000 Debt principal payments Capital lease principal payments 63,626 Premium on bonds (563)Change in bond interest payable 179

> > Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities 408,957

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2022

	Light and Water Fund	Hospital Authority Fund	Public Works Authority	Deve	onomic elopment ethority	Total Enterprise Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,197,541	\$ -	\$ 136,914	\$	100	\$ 2,334,555
Investments	150,000	-	-		-	150,000
Accounts receivable, net	632,536	-	-		-	632,536
Grants receivable	-	-	417,884		-	417,884
Due from other funds	 16,172	 <u> </u>	 <u>-</u>			 16,172
Total current assets	2,996,249	-	554,798		100	3,551,147
Noncurrent assets:	 	 	 			
Capital assets (net)	 7,149,905	 1,689,425	 2,428,744		-	 11,268,074
Total noncurrent assets	7,149,905	1,689,425	2,428,744			11,268,074
Total assets	\$ 10,146,154	\$ 1,689,425	\$ 2,983,542	\$	100	\$ 14,819,221
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 368,050	\$ -	\$ 418,177	\$	-	\$ 786,227
Wages and benefits payable	14,052	-	-		-	14,052
Compensated absences	14,700	-	-		-	14,700
Due to other funds	381	-	43,210		-	43,591
Notes payable, current	-	-	_		-	-
Total current liabilities	397,183	 	461,387			 858,570
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Notes payable, non-current	_	_	_		_	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	-	-		-	-
Total liabilities	397,183		461,387		-	858,570
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	7,149,905	1,689,425	2,428,744		_	11,268,074
Unrestricted	 2,599,066	 -	 93,411		100	2,692,577
Total net position	\$ 9,748,971	\$ 1,689,425	\$ 2,522,155	\$	100	\$ 13,960,651

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Light and Water Fund	Hospital Authority Fund	Public Works Authority	Economic Development Authority	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services:					
Water charges	\$ 573,218	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 573,218
Sewer charges	227,273	-	-	-	227,273
Electric charges	5,099,936	-	-	-	5,099,936
Sanitation charges	426,510	-	-	-	426,510
Sale of fuel	-	-	49,170	-	49,170
Penalties	67,655				67,655
Total charges for services	6,394,592	-	49,170	-	6,443,762
Lease and rental income	.	-	24,770	-	24,770
Other fees and charges	170,794		14,713		185,507
Total operating revenues	6,565,386		88,653		6,654,039
Operating expenses:					
Cost of sales	2,782,035		26.619		2.808.654
Personal services	495.766	_	20,019	_	495.766
Materials and supplies	205,774	_	14,198	_	219,972
Other services and charges	184,118	_	98,638	_	282,756
Depreciation and amortization	598,948	61,274	208,633	_	868,855
Total operating expenses	4,266,641	61,274	348,088		4,676,003
Net operating income	2,298,745	(61,274)	(259,435)	-	1,978,036
Nonoperating revenue (expense):					
Contributions	-	-	-	-	_
Investment income	2,755	-	55	-	2,810
Oil and gas royalties	-	-	-	-	-
Grant income	-	-	466,659	-	466,659
Interest expense					
Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)	2,755		466,714		469,469
Net Income before contributions and transfers	2,301,500	(61,274)	207,279	-	2,447,505
Contributions and transfers:					
Transfers from other funds	56,303	-	104,319	100	160,722
Transfers to other funds	(1,575,889)	(11)	(48,195)		(1,624,095)
Change in net position	781,914	(61,285)	263,403	100	984,132
Net position-beginning of year Prior period adjustment	8,967,057	1,750,710	2,258,752		12,976,519
Net position-end of year	\$ 9,748,971	\$ 1,689,425	\$ 2,522,155	\$ 100	\$ 13,960,651

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Light and Water Fund	Water Authority		Public Works Authority	Public Works Authority	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from customers	\$ 6,296,149	\$	-	\$ 88,653	\$ -	\$ 6,384,802
Payments to suppliers	(3,135,758)		-	220,977	-	(2,914,781)
Payments to employees	(494,571)		=_	<u> </u>		(494,571)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,665,820			309,630		2,975,450
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:						
Receipts (payments) from interfund loan agreements	33.607		_	43,210	_	76.817
Oil & gas royalties	-		_	-	_	-
Transfers from other funds	56.303		_	104,319	100	160.722
Transfers to other funds	(1,575,889)		(11)	(48, 195)	-	(1,624,095)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital	(1,010,000)		(,	(12,122)		(.,-=.,)
financing activities	(1,485,979)		(11)	99,334	100	(1,386,556)
	(1,100,010)		(11)			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	<u>:</u>					
Capital grants and contributions	-		-	104,375	-	104,375
Purchases of capital assets	(325,975)			(481,683)	=	(807,658)
Principal paid on capital debt	=		-	-	=	=
Interest paid on capital debt	-		-	-	-	-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and						
related financing activities	(325,975)		-	(377,308)		(703,283)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Investment income	2,755			55		2,810
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	2,755			55		2,810
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalent	856,621		(11)	31,711	100	888,421
Cash & cash equivalents, June 30, 2021	1,340,920		11_	105,203		1,446,134
Cash & cash equivalents, June 30, 2022	\$ 2,197,541	\$		\$ 136,914	\$ 100	\$ 2,334,555
, , ,	· / /			,		
Cash, including time deposits	\$ 2,197,541	\$	-	\$ 136,914	\$ 100	\$ 2,334,555
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,197,541	\$	-	\$ 136,914	\$ 100	\$ 2,334,555
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ 2,298,745	\$	(61,274)	\$ (259,435)	\$ -	\$ 1,978,036
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	598,948		61,274	208,633	-	868,855
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(269,237)		_	_	_	(269,237)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	35,369		_	360,432	_	395,801
Increase (decrease) in wages and benefits pay	,		-	-	- -	1,195
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	800		_	_	_	800
Total adjustments	367.075		61.274	569.065		997,414
Net cash provided (used) by operating activitie		\$		\$ 309,630	\$ -	\$ 2,975,450
cac p. c aca (wood) by operating detivitie	Ψ Z,000,020	Ψ		Ψ 000,000	<u> </u>	Ψ 2,010,400

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2022

	Meter Deposit Fund		unicipal Court nd Fund	Total Agency Funds		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	238,720	\$ 17,397	\$	256,117	
Cash and investments, restricted		127,000	-		127,000	
Total assets	\$	365,720	\$ 17,397	\$	383,117	
LIABILITIES						
Bonds and deposits subject to refund	\$	365,720	\$ 17,397	\$	383,117	
Due to other funds						
Total liabilities	\$	365,720	\$ 17,397	\$	383,117	

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma ("City") are discussed in subsequent section of this note. The remainder of the notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

A. Reporting Entity

Fund Types and Major Funds

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

Reported as the primary fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not reported in other funds.

Street and Alley Fund

Accounts for the legally restricted gasoline and commercial vehicle taxes. Funds are used for maintenance and repair of streets and street equipment.

Debt Service Fund

Accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal and interest on the City's general obligation debt.

Hospital Special Revenue Fund

Accounts for the 2% sales tax restricted for the Hospital Authority's capital expenditures and the transfer to the Hospital Authority.

Sales Tax (Capital Improvement) Fund

Accounts for the capital expenditures of the 1% limited purpose sales tax.

General Obligation Bonds

Accounts for the proceeds of the General Obligation Hospital Funding Bonds of 2013 which were issued June 1, 2013 to pay obligations incurred in the operations, equipping and maintenance of the Watonga Municipal Hospital as well as for all legal, financial and other costs relating to the issuance of the bonds.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Grant Fund

Established as a special revenue fund to account for the City's grant programs

Library Fund

Established as a special revenue fund to account for the operations of the municipal library.

Major Proprietary Funds

Light and Water Fund

Accounts for the operating activities of the electric, water, sewer, and sanitation utilities of the City.

Public Works Authority

Accounts for the operating activities of the municipal airport.

Watonga Hospital Authority

Accounts for the leasing activities of the municipal hospital to Mercy.

Fiduciary Component Units (reported in fiduciary financial statements)

Agency Fund

Accounts for fiduciary assets held by the City in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others. The City's Agency Funds Are used to account for various deposits and bonds below:

Meter Deposit Fund

Accounts for utility deposits received by customers.

Municipal Court Bond Fund

Accounts for bonds held by the City related to the municipal court operations.

Component Units

The accompanying financial statements present the City's primary government and component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Financial accountability is based primarily on certain authoritative, operational or financial relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Watonga Municipal Library

Established to account for the operations of the Library. It is governed by a Board that is appointed by the City Council of the City of Watonga, OK.

B. Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. The statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and City general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. Individual funds are not displayed by the statements.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services with usage fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the City's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. Taxes and other revenues sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the City are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurements focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Proprietary financial statements and financial statements of the City's component units also report using the same focus and basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considered revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenses are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use taxes and intergovernmental revenues. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in the proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of provided goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

C. Budget Policy and Practice

Budget Approval

The City Manager submits an annual budget to the City Council in accordance with the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. Council sessions are held, the budget is presented to the City Council for review, and a public hearing is held to address priorities and the allocation of resources. In June, the City Council adopts the annual fiscal year budgets for City operating funds. Once approved, the City Council may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations. Public trusts submit budgets and other planning documents to their respective governing bodies.

Compliance

At June 30, 2022, the City was in material compliance with Oklahoma budgeting regulations.

D. Policies Related to Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

Cash and Investments

For the purposes of the combined balance sheet and the statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand deposits, savings accounts and certificates of deposits or short-term investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less. Deposits are stated at cost.

Investments are reported at fair value which is determined using market prices. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value.

Due from other governments

Significant receivables include sales tax, use tax, gasoline and motor vehicle tax receivables due from the state of Oklahoma and Blaine County. Sales and Use Tax are considered fully collectible.

Accounts Receivable

Significant receivables include amount due from customers primarily for utility services. These receivables are due within one year. Certain enterprise funds report accounts receivable net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance amount is estimated using accounts receivable past due more than 90 days.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include assets legally restricted for capital projects at the hospital funded through sales tax directives. Restricted assets are current in nature and are reported with current assets in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Interfund Balances

Generally, outstanding balances between funds reported as due to/due from other funds include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services for goods or miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year and are described as due to/due from other funds.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

They City's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and reported in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary capital assets are also reported in their respective fund financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The City generally capitalized assets with cost of \$1,000 or more as purchase and construction outlay occur.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Buildings
 Other improvements
 Machinery, furniture & equipment
 Infrastructure
 20-50 years
 10 years
 5-25 years
 20-40 years

Costs incurred during construction of long-lived assets are recorded as construction in progress and are not depreciated until placed in service.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. An example of an item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category would be unavailable revenue from property taxes and special assessments. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. Those amounts would be deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City does not currently have any items that qualify as a deferred inflow of resources.

Compensated Absences

Full –time employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. Sick leave accrues to full-time employees at 1 day per month with a specified maximum of 65 days. Sick leave is not payable at the termination of employment. Employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave upon termination. The estimated liabilities include required salary-related payments. Compensated absences are reported as accrued current

liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. Governmental funds report only matured compensated absences payable to currently terminating employees.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide, proprietary, and component unit financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as a liability.

Fund Equity

Fund Balance

The governmental fund financial statements report reserved fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or legally restricted for specified purposes beyond the restrictions applicable to the fund.

Net Position

Both proprietary fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements report net position. Amounts invested in capital assets, net of related debt and legally restricted amounts are separated from unrestricted net position.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt

The amount restricted consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position

Amounts reported as restricted consist of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Governmental Fund Balances

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below.

Nonspendable

Fund balance associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned),

Restricted

Fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation,

Committed

Fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Commission, the City's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned

Fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and

Unassigned

Fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reporting amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Prior Period Adjustments

A prior period adjustment for overpayments in sales tax by the Oklahoma Tax Commission in the amount of \$227,838 was made in order to conform to the current period's presentation. A positive prior period adjustment was also made for CARES Act Funds received in FY21.

E. Policies Related to Revenues and Expenses

Program Revenues

Charges for Services

Program revenues reported with governmental activities include charges for services like permits and fees, park charges, and fines and forfeitures. Business-type activity charges for services include all operating income of proprietary funds.

Grants and Contributions

Governmental grants and contributions primarily consist of grants from Federal and state agencies. The nature of the grant determines if it is reported as operating or capital program revenues.

Business-type activity grants and contributions include donations from others as well as grants from Federal and state agencies.

General Revenues

General revenues reported with governmental activities include tax revenues and unrestricted investment income.

Sales Tax

Effective January 2012, the City increased the sales tax levy from 4% to 5% based upon a vote of the citizens. The sales tax is levied on taxable sales within the City and is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission. Tax collections is remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. A portion of the sales tax levied is restricted as to the use.

One percent (1%) is restricted and recorded as sales tax revenue in the Hospital Special Revenue Fund for capital improvements at the Hospital. One half percent (1/2 %) is restricted and recorded in the Sales Tax (Capital Improvement) Fund to development of the Huff-Lorang Park, other park improvements, police and fire department use, and other capital improvements. One percent (1%) is restricted and reported as healthcare transfer to Mercy Hospital in accordance with the lease dated June 22, 2012 (See note (5)C. for further information).

The remaining two percent (2 1/2%) is unrestricted and is recorded as sales tax revenue within the General Fund.

Property Tax

Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court-assessed judgments.

The property tax levy, as determined by the City's debt service needs, is submitted to the County Excise Board for approval. County assessors, elected officials, determine the taxable value of real estate and personal property in the County. A State Board of Equalization hears complaints on real estate values with the power to equalize assessments. Under present State law, the ratio of assessed value to true value cannot exceed 35%.

Property taxes levied by the City are billed and collected by the County Treasurer's Office and remitted to the City in the month following collection. Property taxes are levied normally in October and are due in equal installments on December 31 and March 31. Property taxes unpaid for the fiscal year are attached by an enforceable lien on property in the following October

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's net assessed valuation of taxable property was \$18,335,037. The City levied 6.26 mills this year.

(2) ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

A. Assets

Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's deposits are secured by collateral values at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposited funds may be invested in certificates of deposit in institutions with an established record of fiscal health and service.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes.

Investments

The City invests primarily in certificates of deposit. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate risk and credit risk.

1,350,002

1,350,002

_		Primary Gov	vernment	
_	Fair Value/ Carrying		Average Credit Quality/	Weighted Average Days
Types of Investments	Amount	Cost	Ratings (1)	to Maturity (2)
Primary government				
INVESTMENTS:				
Certificates of deposit	\$ 1,350,002	\$ 1,350,002	N/A	291.57
Total investments	1,350,002	1,350,002		
Total primary government investments	\$ \$ 1,350,002	\$ 1,350,002		
RECONCILATION TO STATEMENT OF	NET POSITION			
	<u>Governmental</u>	Business-type		
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	

150,000

150,000

1,200,002

1,200,002

\$

Restricted Assets

Investments, unrestricted

Total investments

		Cash
Governmental Activities Debt service sinking fund	\$	58,917
GO bonds- hospital	•	-
Total Governmental Activities		58,917
Total Restricted Assets	\$	58,917

⁽¹⁾ Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated Credit Risk. N/A indicates not applicable.

⁽²⁾ Interest rate risk is estimated using either duration or weighted average days to maturity depending on the respective policy.

Capital Assets

Changes in Capital Assets

	Primary Government							
Governmental Activies	Balance at June 30, 2021			Additions	De	eletions		lance at e 30, 2022
Non-Depreciable Assets								
Land	\$	713,545	\$	-	\$	-	\$	713,545
Construction in Progress		53,829		-		53,829		-
Depreciable Assets								
Buildings & structures		4,645,680		43,404		-		4,689,084
Machinery, furniture, & equipment		4,160,882		143,279		-		4,304,161
Infrastructure & improvements		19,169,091		222,137			1	9,391,228
Total		28,743,027		408,820		53,829	2	9,098,018
Less accumulated depreciation		22,160,471	_	947,959			2	23,108,430
Governmental fixed assets, net	\$	6,582,556	\$	(539,139)	\$	(53,829)	\$	5,989,588
Business-type Activies								
Non-Depreciable Assets								
Land	\$	73,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	73,020
Construction in Progress		283,823		454,291		198,375		539,739
Depreciable Assets								
Buildings & structures		9,517,970		248,948		-		9,766,918
Machinery, furniture, & equipment		2,070,008		198,643		-	2,268,651	
Infrastructure & improvements		20,398,237		104,151			2	20,502,388
Total		32,343,058		1,006,033		198,375	3	3,150,716
Less accumulated depreciation		21,013,787		868,855			2	21,882,642
Business-type fixed assets, net	\$	11,329,271	\$	137,178	\$	(198,375)	\$ 1	1,268,074
Total primary government	\$	17,911,827	\$	(401,961)	\$	(252,204)	\$ 1	7,257,662
Business-type Activies		Light & ter Fund	1	Watonga Hospital Authority		Public Works uthority	В	Total usiness- Type
Non-Depreciable Assets		terruna		tutilority		athority		Турс
Land	\$	48,070	\$	3,950	\$	21,000	\$	73,020
Construction in progress	Ψ	114,604	Ψ	5,550	Ψ	425,135	Ψ	539,739
· -		114,004		_		423,133		339,739
Depreciable Assets		222 056		2 616 405		6 027 567		0.766.019
Buildings & structures		222,856		2,616,495		6,927,567		9,766,918
Machinery, furniture, & equipment	_	1,476,719		28,618		763,314		2,268,651
Infrastructure & improvements		0,502,388		-				20,502,388
Total		2,364,637		2,649,063		8,137,016		33,150,716
Less accumulated depreciation	(1	5,214,732)		(959,638)		(5,708,272)	(21,882,642)
Business-type fixed assets, net	\$	7,149,905	\$	1,689,425	\$	2,428,744	\$	11,268,074

Depreciation Expense

Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
General government	\$ 44,273	Water	\$ 221,860
Public safety & judiciary	131,755	Sew er	208,725
Transportation	681,690	⊟ectric	127,461
Cultural, parks & recreation	 90,241	Administration	4,114
Total depreciation expense	\$ 947,959	Sanitation	36,788
		Hospital	61,274
		Airport	208,633
		Total depreciation expense	\$ 868,855

B. Liabilities

Notes Payable

Governmental Activities

The City of Watonga issued General Obligation Hospital Funding Bonds of 2013 dated June 1, 2013 in the amount of \$1,700,000 to be used for obligations incurred in the operations, equipping and maintenance of Watonga Municipal Hospital as well as all legal, financial, and other costs relating to the issuance of the bonds. Payments are made semi-annually with a variable interest rate ranging from 2.00% to 3.6%. The bonds mature June 1, 2032.

On May 18, 2021, the City of Watonga entered into a lease purchase agreement with First State Bank for the purchase of the new City Hall building in the amount of \$585,000. After a down payment of \$117,000 on May 18, 2021, the loan carries an interest rate of 3.5% with 4 annual payments of \$32,601.77 beginning December 15, 2021. Effective on December 16, 2024 and thereafter on the 16th day of December every 5 years thereafter, the monthly payment owing under this Lease shall be recalculated using an interest rate equal to the lowest *Wall Street Journal* prime rate plus 0.25%; provided however the interest rate shall not fall below 3.5% per annum, maturing December 15, 2040.

\$ 1,344,999

900,000

444,999

Changes in Long-Term Debt

Type of Debt		Balance at July 1, 2021		Amount Issued		Amount Retired		Balance at June 30, 2022		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:							`				
General Obligation bonds	\$	990,000	\$	-	\$	90,000	\$	900,000	\$	90,000	
Lease obligations payable		508,625		-		63,626		444,999		16,811	
Total primary government	\$	1,498,625	\$		\$	153,626	\$	1,344,999	\$	106,811	

Annual Debt Service Requirements

Year E	nding
--------	-------

June 30	Governmental Activities			 Business-type Activities			
		Principal		Interest	Principal	lr	nterest
2023	\$	106,811	\$	41,756	\$ -	\$	-
2024		107,407		38,730	-		-
2025		108,025		35,547	-		-
2026		108,664		32,207	-		-
2027		109,327		28,710	-		-
2028-2032		557,421		90,463	-		-
2033-2037		127,882		35,127			
2038-2040		119,462		10,774	 		
Totals	\$	1,344,999	\$	313,314	\$ 	\$	

(3) REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Interfund Transfers C. Interfur

Interfund Balances

Transfers within the Primary Government primarily represent operating transfers from Light & Water Fund to General Fund and the majority of the remainder of the transfers are for capital projects.

	Transfers I	n Transfers Out
GENERAL FUND		
Light and Water Fund	\$ 1,558,5	48 \$ 56,303
Grant Fund	223,8	
Hospital Special Revenue Fund	3	98 -
Sales Tax (Capital Improvement) Fund	4,1	92 37,220
Hospital Authority		- 11
Economic Development Fund	-	100
Public Works Authority	6,2	76 -
Total General Fund	1,793,2	36 93,623
HOSPITAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		
General Fund	-	398
Total Hospital Special Revenue Fund		398
SALES TAX (CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT) FUND)	
General Fund	37,2	20 4,192
Light and Water Fund	16,3	
Public Works Authority	41,9	
Total Sales Tax (Cap Improve) Fund	95,4	
GRANT FUND		
General fund		222.044
Total Grant Fund		223,011
Total Grant Fund		223,811
STREET AND ALLEY FUND		
Light and Water Fund	1,0	- 40
Total Street & Alley und	1,0	
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND		
General Fund	1	
Total Economic Development Fund	1	
LIGHT AND WATER FUND		
General Fund	56,3	03 1,558,548
Street & Alley Fund		1,040
Sales Tax (Capital Improvement) Fund		16,301
Total Light and Water Fund	56,3	
PUBLIC WORKS AUTHORITY		
General Fund		6,276
Sales Tax (Capital Improvement) Fund	104,3	*
Total Public Works Authority	104,3	
·	104,3	19 40,193
HOSPITAL AUTHORITY		
General Fund		
Total Hospital Authority		11
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 2,050,4	38 \$ 2,050,438

PENSION AND POST-EMPLOYMENT PLANS (4)

The City participates in three employee pension systems as follows:

Name of Plan	Type of Plan
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund	Agent Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Firefighter Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan

A. Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund- Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

Substantially all of the City's full-time employees, except police and firefighters, participate in a defined benefit pension plan adopted by the City and administered by the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System (OMRF), which was established to administer pension plans for municipal employees. OMRF issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.okmrf.org.

Benefits Provided

OMRF provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 3 percent of the employee's final average compensation multiplied by the employee's years of service; final average compensation is the average of the 5 highest consecutive years of salaries out of the last 10 years of service. Vesting requires 7 years of service. Members are eligible for normal retirement at age 65 with 10 years of vested service or age 62 with 30 years of vested service. The benefit is payable immediately. Early retirement is available after age 55 with 10 years of vested service. Early retirement benefits are paid at the normal retirement age, or reduced 5% per year for commencement prior to the normal retirement age.

Disability retirement is provided for member's total and permanent disability after 10 or more years of service. The accrued benefit is payable upon disablement without reduction for early payment.

In-service death benefits are payable after vesting at 50% of the accrued benefit until the death of the spouse or remarriage. If the member was not vested at the time of in-service death, member contributions are returned, if any, with interest.

Contributions

Required contribution rates are actuarially measured each year and authorized through City Ordinance. Employees are required to contribute 4.0% of paid salary. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's contribution was 13.35%. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$201,308 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Membership

Membership in the plan is as follows:

	As of July 1, 2021
Inactive employees & beneficiaries receiving benefits	22
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	4
Active participants	35
Total	61

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPPRS

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$69,903 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating municipalities, actuarially determined.

Changes to the actuarial valuation between the measurement date of the net pension liability and the City's reporting dates are not expected to have a significant effect on the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$15,082. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Difference betw een expected and actual experience	\$	22,903	\$	208,006
Changes of assumptions		28,049		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		98,610		714,673
Changes in proportion and differences between City				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		201,308		_
Total	\$	350,870	\$	922,679

Other amounts reported deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:							
2023	\$	(180,816)					
2024		(222,639)					
2025		(187,364)					
2026		(182,298)					
2024		-					
Thereafter							
,	\$	(773,117)					

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 4.5% to 7.5%

Investment rate of return 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense

and inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubG-2010. Valuation rates are projected for mortality improvement by the Society of Actuaries' table AA based upon the employee's year of birth.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ended July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (2.75%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Real Return	Weighted Return
Large cap stocks - S&P 500	25%	5.80%	1.45%
Small/mid cap stocks - Russell 2500	10%	6.40%	0.64%
Long/short equity - MSCI ACWI	10%	5.00%	0.50%
International stocks - MSCI EAFE	20%	6.20%	1.24%
Fixed income bonds - Barclay's Capital Aggregate	30%	2.30%	0.69%
Real estate - NCREIF	5%	4.60%	0.23%
Cash equivalents - 3 month Treasury	0%	0.00%	0.00%
	100%		
	Average Real Re	turn	4.75%
	Inflation		2.75%
	Long term expect	ed return	7.50%

Discount rate: The discount rate used to value benefits was the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments, 7.50%, as prescribed by paragraph 26 of GASB 68 when the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments. The City has adopted a funding method that is designed to fund all benefits payable to participates over the course of their working careers. Any differences between actual and expected experience are funded over a fixed period to ensure all funds necessary to pay benefits have been contributed to the trust before those benefits are payable. Thus, in accordance with paragraph 29, the evaluations required by paragraph 27 to determine the sufficiency pension plan assets can be made without a separate projection of cash flows..

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	5,545,899	4,452,329	1,093,570
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	170,099	-	170,099
Interest cost	403,208	-	403,208
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	(100,426)	-	(100,426)
Assumption changes	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	225,412	(225,412)
Contributions - employee	-	55,661	(55,661)
Net investment income	-	1,224,547	(1,224,547)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(345,824)	(345,824)	-
Administrative expense	-	(9,072)	9,072
Other changes	-	-	-
Net changes	127,057	1,150,724	(1,023,667)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ 5,672,956	\$ 5,603,053	\$ 69,903

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
City's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability/(asset)	670,705	69,903	600,286

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OMRF financial report.

B. <u>Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing, Multiple Employer Pension Plans</u>

Plan Description

The City of Watonga, as the employer, participates in two statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans on behalf of police officers and firefighters.

Under Title 36-312.1 of the State of Oklahoma Statutes, 14% and 34% of taxes collected for insurance premium taxes is allocated and distributed to the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System and the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension Retirement System, respectively. This provides ear-marked state taxes to help with the financing burden for the police and fire plans. The expected employer contributions expected to be funded by the State are not considered in the calculations of the net pension asset/liability and related deferred inflows, deferred outflows and pension expense.

Reporting

The required supplementary information schedules of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents certain ten-year trend information for as many years for which information measured in conformity with the requirements of GASB 68 is available. Detailed information about the Oklahoma Police and Firefighter Plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Oklahoma Police Pension report and the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension report. Copies of these reports may be obtained from the respective state retirement systems: Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, 1001 NW 63rd Street, Suite 305, Oklahoma City OK 73116-7335 (or www.ok.gov/OPPRS), and the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System at 4545 N Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 (or www.ok.gov/Opprs).

Funding Policies, Contribution Methods, & Benefit Provisions

Police Pension

Firefighters Pension

Eligibility to participate

All full-time officers employed by a participating municipality, not less than 21 years of age or more than 45 years of age

when hired State Statute

All full-time or voluntary firefighters of a participating municipality hired before age

State Statute

9% of covered payroll

Authority establishing contribution obligations & benefit provisions Plan members' contribution

City's contribution rate Period required to vest Benefits and eligibility for distribution (full-time)

13% of covered payroll 10 years

8% of covered payroll

20 years credited service, 2 1/2% of final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 30 years considered, if vested, at or after age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of credited service, with reduced benefits N/A

14% of covered payroll 10 years

20 years credited service, 2 1/2% final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 30 years considered; if vested, at or after age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of credited service, with reduced benefits 20 years credited service equal to \$7.53 per month per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years considered Yes, 20 years credited service with additional option to participate in deferred

Benefits and eligibility for distribution (volunteer) Deferred retirement option

Yes, 20 years credited service with additional option to participate in deferred option plan for a maximum of 5 years

option plan for a maximum of 5 years

These two plans are administered by agencies of the State of Oklahoma and funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary.

Actuarial Assumptions

Police Pension 7/1/21

Firefighters Pension 7/1/21

Valuation date Provisions for: Disability benefits Death benefits Actuarial cost method Amortization method Amortization period Actuarial asset valuation method

Yes Yes Entry age Level dollar, open 5 years 5-year smoothed

Yes Yes Entry age Level dollar, closed 30 years

An expected actuarial value is determined equal to the prior year's actuarial value of assets plus cash flow (excluding realized and unrealized gains losses) for the year ended on the valuation date and assuming a 7.5% interest return. 20% of any (gain) loss is amortized over 5 years. The result is constrained to a value of 80% to 120% of

the fair value at the valuation

7.5%

Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Cost of living increases (maximum)

Inflation

3.5% to 12% 1/3 to ½ of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer, based on an increase in base salary of 3.5% (wage inflation)

3.5%

7.5%

2.75% to 10.50%

Paid firefighters with 20 years of service prior to May 26, 1983 receive an increase of half of the dollar amt of a 2.75% of an increase in base pay. No COLA is assumed for members not eligible for this

increase 2.75%

RP-2000 Combined Blue Collar Healthy Source of mortality Table with age set back 4 years with fully assumptions generational improvement using scale AA

Experience study Actuarial assumptions were based upon results of an experience study covering the period July, 2012 to June, 2017

RP-2010 Public Safety Table with generational mortality improvement using MP-2018

Actuarial assumptions were based upon results of an experience study covering the period July 1, 2013 to July 30, 2018

Trend Information

Police Pension

Fire Pension

	Actuariany	City				Actualially	City			
	Determined	Proportionate	City		State	Determined	Proportionate	City	%	State
_	Contribution	Share	Contribution	% Contributed	Contribution	Contribution	Share	Contribution	Contributed	Contribution
2022	\$44,682,000	\$35,075	\$44,405,000	21.31%	\$28,368,000	\$151,539,372	\$94,762	\$37,220,559	35.15%	\$72,923,900
2021	\$39,475,000	\$34,689	\$44,226,000	24.84%	\$40,295,000	\$142,015,118	\$70,695	\$36,395,216	43.96%	\$103,591,633
2020	\$36,720,000	\$35,986	\$42,154,000	25.20%	\$39,559,000	\$150,174,973	\$65,466	\$37,693,595	45.30%	\$101,700,051
2019	\$32,798,000	\$28,108	\$40,135,000	25.64%	\$39,028,000	\$155,547,401	\$77,408	\$36,015,374	44.99%	\$100,333,324
2018	\$51,417,000	\$35,838	\$38,887,000	24.46%	\$34,283,000	\$141,509,975	\$67,877	\$34,567,211	43.04%	\$88,133,633
2017	\$45,054,000	\$31,267	\$38,533,000	25.12%	\$35,915,000	\$139,226,348	\$62,547	\$32,670,684	45.68%	\$92,330,270
2016	\$63,908,000	\$37,131	\$37,261,000	24.64%	\$35,490,000	\$142,494,951	\$67,910	\$29,001,438	44.44%	\$91,235,807
2015	\$90,283,000	\$,45,503	\$35,547,000	23.10%	\$31,329,000	\$162,103,277	\$79,268	\$31,518,945	40.90%	\$79,545,329

Trend information showing the progress of the systems in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the annual financial reports of the respective plans. Copies of these reports may be obtained from the respective state retirement systems: Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, 1001 NW 63rd Street, Suite 305, Oklahoma City OK 73116-7335 (or www.ok.gov/OPPRS), and the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System at 4545 N Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 (or www.ok.gov/OPPRS).

Net Pension Asset (Liability)

Proportionate Share

Police Pension

The Police Pension's net pension liability was allocated proportionately to the City of Watonga based on the ratio of the City's actual contributions to the Police pension, relative to the total contributions of the Police pension for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2202. The City's portion for 2021 was 0.0785% compared to .0879% for 2020.

Firefighters Pension

The Firefighters Pension's net pension liability was allocated proportionately to the City of Watonga based on the ratio of the City's actual contributions, relative to the total contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The City's portion for 2021 was 0.062533% compared to 0.04978% for 2020.

Net Pension Asset (Liability)

	Police Pe	ension	Firefighters Pension		
	Total	Proportionate Share	Total	Proportionate Share	
Total pension liability	(2,810,243,000)	(2,206,041)	(4,179,376,793)	(2,613,489)	
Fiduciary net position	3,289,959,000	2,582,618	3,520,810,306	2,201,668	
Net pension asset (liability)	479,716,000	376,577	(658,566,487)	(411,821)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	117.07%	117.07%	84.24%	84.24%	

	Total Pe Liabil (a)		Plan Fide Net Pos (b)	•	Net Pens Liabilit (a) - (b	y
	<u>POLICE</u>	<u>FIRE</u>	POLICE	<u>FIRE</u>	POLICE	<u>FIRE</u>
Beginning balance *	2,147,882	2,565,764	2,057,729	1,795,411	90,153	770,353
Service cost	55,533	42,023	-	-	55,533	42,023
Interest cost	155,304	184,488	-	-	155,304	184,488
Benefit term changes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences btwn expected and actual experience	-	117,110	-	-	-	117,110
Assumption changes	4,496	-	-	-	4,496	-
Contributions - employer	-	-	34,858	28,328	(34,858)	(28,328)
Contributions - employee	-	-	21,938	17,906	(21,938)	(17,906)
Contributions - State of OK	-	-	22,269	45,602	(22,269)	(45,602)
Net investment income	-	-	604,553	571,886	(604,553)	(571,886)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(157,174)	(295,894)	(157,174)	(256,092)	-	(39,802)
Administrative expense		-	(1,783)	(1,372)	1,783	1,372
Ending balance	\$ 2,206,041	2,613,491	\$ 2,582,390	\$ 2,201,669	\$ (376,349) \$	411,822

^{*} Represents the beginning balance based on current year proportionate shares therefore, amounts will not equal amount reported in required supplementary information for the prior year

Rate of Return and Discount Rate

Rate of Return

Police Pension

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 3.36%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses the investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Firefighters Pension

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 4.03%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses the investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return and Target Allocations

Police Pension

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation.

Firefighters Pension

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation.

	Police Pension	<u>Firefight</u>	<u>ers Pension</u>
	Long-term Expected		Long-term Expected
	Rate of Return		Rate of Return
Fixed income	3.22%	Fixed income	3.53%
Domestic equity	4.55%	Domestic equity	5.73%
International equity	8.5%	International equity	8.5%
Real estate	7.97%	Real estate	7.97%
Private equity	9.36%	Other assets	4.73%
Commodities	0.00%		

Discount Rate

Police Pension

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by Oklahoma statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by Oklahoma statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Firefighters Pension

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by Oklahoma statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing an allocation of the insurance premiums, as established by Oklahoma statute. Prior to July 1, 2020, the Plan was allocated 36% of the Statewide insurance premiums tax (25.2% effective 9/1/2020). The Plan will also receive \$40,625 each year from 7/1/2020 through 6/30/2027. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.5% to reflect the expected asset allocation.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate allocation of the total pension liability of the Police Pension and Firefighters Pension would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate and the resulting net pension asset (liability):

		Police Pension	Firefig	hters Pension
	<u>Rate</u>	Net Pension	Rate	Net Pension
		Asset(Liability)		Asset(Liability)
1% decrease	6.5%	141,142	6.5%	(643,556)
Current single discount rate	7.5%	376,349	7.5%	(411,822)
1% increase	8.5%	575,234	8.5%	(217,812)

Other Post-Employment Benefits

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City provided no post-employment benefits (other than pension) to terminated employees.

(5) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accrual or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statue relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

B. Grant Program Involvement

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as a result of these audits, cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

C. Mercy Hospital Watonga Inc. Lease

On June 22, 2012 the Watonga Municipal Hospital Authority entered into an agreement to sublease the hospital for a seven year period commencing July 1, 2012 (initial term). The lease will be extended for thirteen additional one year terms unless the lessee gives written notice to the Authority at least 180 days prior to the end of the initial term or any renewal term of its desire to terminate the lease. The consideration for the lease is \$1 per year (for leasing the premises).

The Authority transferred cash and equivalents, patient accounts receivable and supplies inventory, all equipment used in the operation of the hospital. No consideration was provided. The lessee (Mercy) also assumed the Authority's accruals for salary expense, accrued employee benefits, and accrued compensated absences. The building and improvements remain property of the Authority and is leased by Mercy Hospital Watonga Inc. as noted above.

CITY OF WATONGA, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

The lessee is permitted to terminate the lease, either during the initial term or any renewal term, at any time upon 120 days written notice to the Authority. Upon this sublease being terminated, the Authority will be obligated to purchase all of the lessee's property and equipment, inventory and supplies, and any other leased property on the date of termination.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 29, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

City of Watonga, Oklahoma General Fund Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	Original Budget	Revisions	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Sales tax	\$ 888,236	\$ 105,000	\$ 993,236	\$ 1,180,356	\$ 187,120
Use tax	191,015	30,000	221,015	312,024	91,009
Cigarette tax	16,826	-	16,826	17,549	723
Franchise Tax	23,923	2,000	25,923	26,398	475
Alcoholic beverage tax	101,561	(10,000)	91,561	95,683	4,122
Police fines & court fees	60,050	(20,000)	40,050	50,057	10,007
Intergovernmental revenues	-	30,500	30,500	70,092	39,592
522 District income	186,000	18,000	204,000	204,000	-
Ambulance receipts	103,264	-	103,264	110,124	6,860
Rentals, sales, miscellaneous	45,000	10,500	55,500	75,252	19,752
Oil & gas income	175,000	105,000	280,000	332,970	52,970
Licenses & permits	5,500	(2,000)	3,500	4,866	1,366
Interest Income	15,000	(6,500)	8,500	9,416	916
Total revenues	1,811,375	262,500	2,073,875	2,488,787	414,912
EXPENDITURES					
General government:					
General government:	529,921	-	529,921	475,921	54,000
Managerial:	120,418	(10,000)	110,418	109,464	954
City Clerk:	112,573	-	112,573	94,251	18,322
City Treasurer:	19,219	-	19,219	18,986	233
City Attorney:	45,000	20,000	65,000	60,322	4,678
Total General government:	827,131	10,000	837,131	758,944	78,187
Pubic safety and judiciary: Municipal Court:	30,219	(5,000)	25,219	15,669	9,550
Police Department:	748,769	(55,000)	693,769	635,167	58,602
Fire Department:	374,173	25,000	399,173	379,619	19,554
EMS:	459,021	(35,000)	424,021	387,191	36,830
Code Enforcement:	161,534	(65,000)	96,534	75,422	21,112
Total	1,773,716	(135,000)	1,638,716	1,493,068	145,648
<u>Transportation:</u> Street:	638,443	35,000	673,443	660,898	12,545
Total	638,443	35,000	673,443	660,898	12,545
Culture and recreation:					
Library:	342,555	(75,000)	267,555	235,609	31,946
Park:	283,577	11,000	294,577	249,056	45,521
Total Culture and recreation:	626,132	(64,000)	562,132	484,665	77,467
Public services					
Airport:	32,500	3,000	35,500	35,350	150
Total Public services	32,500	3,000	35,500	35,350	150
Total expenditures	3,897,922	(151,000)	3,746,922	3,432,925	313,997
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(2,086,547)	413,500	(1,673,047)	(944,138)	728,909

City of Watonga, Oklahoma General Fund Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Revisions	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in/(out) Net other financing sources (uses)	1,290,000 1,290,000	509,771 509,771	1,799,771 1,799,771	1,699,613 1,699,613	(100,158) (100,158)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(796,547)	923,271	126,724	755,475	628,751
Fund balance at beginning of year (Non-GAAP budgetary basis)	1,575,500		1,575,500	1,372,554	(202,946)
Fund balance at end of year (Non-GAAP budgetary basis)	\$ 778,953	\$ 923,271	\$ 1,702,224	\$ 2,128,029	\$ 425,805
ADJUSTMENTS TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES Revenue and transfer accruals Fund balance at end of year (GAAP basis)				(42,039) \$ 2,085,990	

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

Oklahoma Police Pension Retirement Plan

Valuation date	2022 7/1/2021	2021 7/1/2020	2020 7/1/2019	2019 7/1/2018	2018	2017 7/1/2016	2016 7/1/2015	2015 7/1/2014
Proportionate share	0.0785%	0.0879%	0.0948%	0.0857%	0.0697%	0.0694%	0.0581%	0.0504%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	(376,577)	100,949	(6,052)	(40,823)	5,361	106,282	2,369	(16,969)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the State and other municipalities	(479,339,423)	114,744,051	(6,377,948)	(47,594,177)	7,686,639	153,037,718	4,074,631	(33,652,031)
Total plan net pension liability (asset)	(479,716,000)	114,845,000	(6,384,000)	(47,635,000)	7,692,000	153,144,000	4,077,000	(33,669,000)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	117.07%	95.80%	100.24%	101.89%	%89.66	93.50%	99.85%	101.53%
Covered payroll	268,138	299,036	307,400	264,582	208,494	205,707	171,573	145,909
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-140.44%	33.76%	-1.97%	-15.43%	2.57%	51.67%	1.38%	-11.63%
Schedule of Employer Contributions for Cost Sharing Plans (4): Contractually Required Contribution (CRC) (5) Contributions in Relation to CRC (6) Contribution deficiency Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	35,293 35,293 - 271,485 13.00%	38,276 38,276 - 294,431 13.00%	40,064 40,064 - 308,185 13.00%	33,968 33,968 - - 261,292 13.00%	27,029 27,029 - 207,915 13.00%	26,624 26,624 - - 204,800 13.00%	21,366 21,366 - 164,354 13.00%	18,326 18,326 - 140,969 13.00%

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented above represent the City's proportionate share presented in Note 4A

⁽²⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However results for valuation dates before June 30, 2014 are not available. This information will be developed prospectively until eventually 10 years of information is available.

⁽³⁾ The proportionate share percentages is rounded for the annual financial report so amount may vary from actuals

⁽⁴⁾ The amounts reported represent amounts paid and covered payroll for the fiscal year indicated

⁽⁵⁾ Contractually required contribution amounts presented do not include amounts provided by the State of Oklahoma

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

Oklahoma Fire Pension Retirement Plan

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Valuation date	7/1/2021	7/1/2020	7/1/2019	7/1/2018	7/1/2017	7/1/2016	7/1/2015	7/1/2014
Proportionate share	0.062533%	0.049780%	0.043593%	0.049765%	0.047966%	0.044925%	0.047658%	0.048900%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	411,821	613,246	460,632	560,178	603,280	548,855	505,846	502,862
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the State and other municipalities	658,154,666	1,231,300,049	1,056,205,371	1,125,086,253	1,257,120,371	1,221,165,652	1,060,902,403	1,027,844,981
Total plan net pension liability (asset)	658,566,487	1,231,913,295	1,056,666,003	1,125,646,431	1,257,723,651	1,221,714,507	1,061,408,249	1,028,347,843
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.24%	%86.69	72.85%	70.73%	66.61%	64.87%	68.27%	68.12%
Covered payroll	195,944	158,535	134,151	150,833	136,738	122,924	128,932	132,799
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	210.17%	386.82%	343.37%	371.39%	441.19%	446.50%	392.34%	378.66%
Schedule of Employer Contributions for Cost Sharing Plans (4): Contractually Required Contribution (CRC) (5) Contributions in Relation to CRC (6) Contribution deficiency	28,440	22,371 22,371 -	18,873	20,721	19,087	17,593	18,230	18,293 18,293
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	203,143 14.00%	159,793 14.00%	134,807 14.00%	148,007 14.00%	136,336 14.00%	125,664 14.00%	130,214 14.00%	130,664 14.00%

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented above represent the City's proportionate share presented in Note 4A

⁽²⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However results for valuation dates before June 30, 2014 are not available. This information will be developed prospectively until eventually 10 years of information is available.

⁽³⁾ The proportionate share percentages is rounded for the annual financial report so amount may vary from actuals

⁽⁴⁾ The amounts reported represent amounts paid and covered payroll for the fiscal year indicated

⁽⁵⁾ Contractually required contribution amounts presented do not include amounts provided by the State of Oklahoma

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABLITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	Oklahoma N SINCE	Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund SINCE INITIAL APPLICATION	nt Fund ON					
	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*	2016*	2015*
Total pension liability Service cost Interest	\$ 170,099 403,208	\$ 169,314 407,872	\$ 154,257 385,629	\$ 141,281 365,731	\$ 141,556 366,151	\$ 113,795 349,144	\$ 101,924 346,942	\$ 94,016 344,182
Changes in Denent terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	(100,426) -	(249,965) -	- 69,413 103,181	150,737	(76,787) 110,723	126,877	(97,383) -	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(345,824)	(431,433)	(400,941)	(384,233)	(394,876)	(346,760)	(300,240)	(316,592)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 127,057 5,545,899 \$ 5,672,956	\$ (104,212) 5,650,111 \$ 5,545,899	\$ 311,539 5,338,572 \$ 5,650,111	\$ 273,516 5,065,056 \$ 5,338,572	\$ 146,767 4,918,289 \$ 5,065,056	\$ 243,056 4,675,233 \$ 4,918,289	\$ 51,243 4,623,990 \$ 4,675,233	\$ 121,606 4,502,384 \$ 4,623,990
Plan fiduciary net position	225 412	225 646	273 430	25 AE1	237 106	205 322	174 467	274 244
Contributions - employee	55,661	54.737	57.676	54.496	49.996	43.341	37.827	37.065
Net investment income	1,224,547	180,984	287,786	293,083	449,026	31,175	102,538	537,354
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(345,824)	(431,433)	(400,941)	(384,233)	(394,876)	(346,760)	(300,240)	(316,592)
Administrative expense Other	(9,072)	(9,062)	(8,610)	(8,240)	(7,877)	(7,326)	(7,695)	(7,923)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,150,724	20,842	209,350	213,557	333,375	(74,248)	6,897	424,115
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	4,452,329 \$ 5,603,053	4,431,487 \$ 4,452,329	4,222,137 \$ 4,431,487	4,008,580 \$ 4,222,137	3,675,205 \$ 4,008,580	3,749,453 \$ 3,675,205	3,742,556 \$ 3,749,453	3,318,441 \$ 3,742,556
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 69,903	\$ 1,093,570	\$ 1,218,624	\$ 1,116,435	\$ 1,056,476	\$ 1,243,084	\$ 925,780	\$ 881,434
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	98.77%	80.28%	78.43%	79.09%	79.14%	74.73%	80.20%	80.94%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,282,725	\$ 1,372,686	\$ 1,373,983	\$ 1,268,247	\$ 1,179,085	\$ 1,125,894	\$ 938,273	\$ 876,408
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	5.45%	79.67	88.69%	88.03%	89.60%	110.41%	98.67%	100.57%

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Grant Fund	Libra	ry Fund		Total on-Major Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	272,973	\$	167	\$	273,140
Investments Total assets	<u> </u>	272,973	\$	167	\$	273,140
	Ψ	212,913	Ψ	107	Ψ	273,140
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	
Total liabilities		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES						
Assigned		272,973		167		273,140
Total fund balances		272,973		167		273,140
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	272,973	\$	167	\$	273,140

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Grant Fund	L	ibrary Fund	N	Total on-Major Funds
REVENUES					
Rents & royalties	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenue	252,861		14,735		267,596
Donations	2,020		-		2,020
Other revenues			-		-
Interest income	 				-
Total revenues	 254,881		14,735		269,616
EXPENDITURES					
General government:					
General government	 				-
Total general government					-
Public safety and judiciary:					
Police	541		-		541
Fire	1,131		-		1,131
Total public safety and judiciary	1,672				1,672
Cultural, parks and recreation:					
Library	-		11,519		11,519
Total cultural, parks and recreation			11,519		11,519
Capital outlay	9,202		6,241		15,443
Total expenditures	10,874		17,760		28,634
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	244,007		(3,025)		240,982
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-		-		-
Transfers out	(223,811)		-		(223,811)
Total other financing sources and uses	(223,811)		-		(223,811)
Net change in fund balances	20,196		(3,025)		17,171
Fund balances - beginning	252,777		3,192		255,969
Fund balances - ending	\$ 272,973	\$	167	\$	273,140



1210 19th Street Woodward, OK 73801 Ph. (580) 334-6361 Email: jana@janawalkercpa.com

www.janawalkercpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Watonga, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Watonga, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Watonga, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Watonga, Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jana A. Walker, CPA, PLLC Woodward, Oklahoma

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December 29, 2022